

# Modelagem e Avaliação de Dependabilidade de Infraestruturas de *Mobile Cloud* *Computing* para sistemas mHealth

**Jean Carlos Teixeira de Araujo**

[jcta@cin.ufpe.br](mailto:jcta@cin.ufpe.br)

Orientador: Prof. Dr. Paulo Romero Martins Maciel

# Agenda

---



- Objetivos
- *Mobile cloud computing*
- Modelos propostos
  - Disponibilidade e Confiabilidade
  - Performabilidade
- Ferramenta DR Monitor
- Próximas etapas



# Objetivos

---



- 1 – Proposição de modelos de Confiabilidade e Disponibilidade;
- 2 – Proposição de modelos de Performabilidade;
- 3 – Proposição de estratégias de monitoramento e tomada de decisão para ambientes distribuídos.



# Mobile Cloud Computing

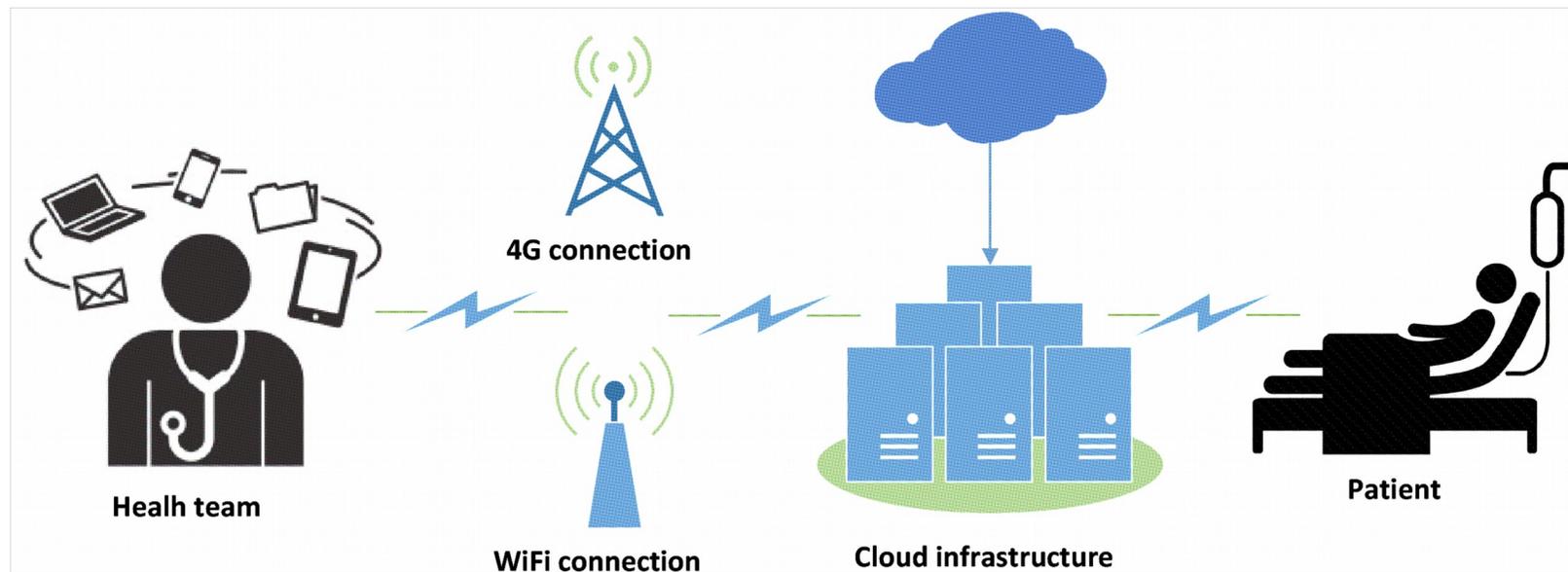


## O que é?

- É a combinação da computação em nuvem e redes móveis para trazer benefícios para usuários móveis, operadores de rede, bem como provedores de nuvem;
- Transfere a computação intensiva, armazenamento de dados e processamento massivo de informação para a nuvem.



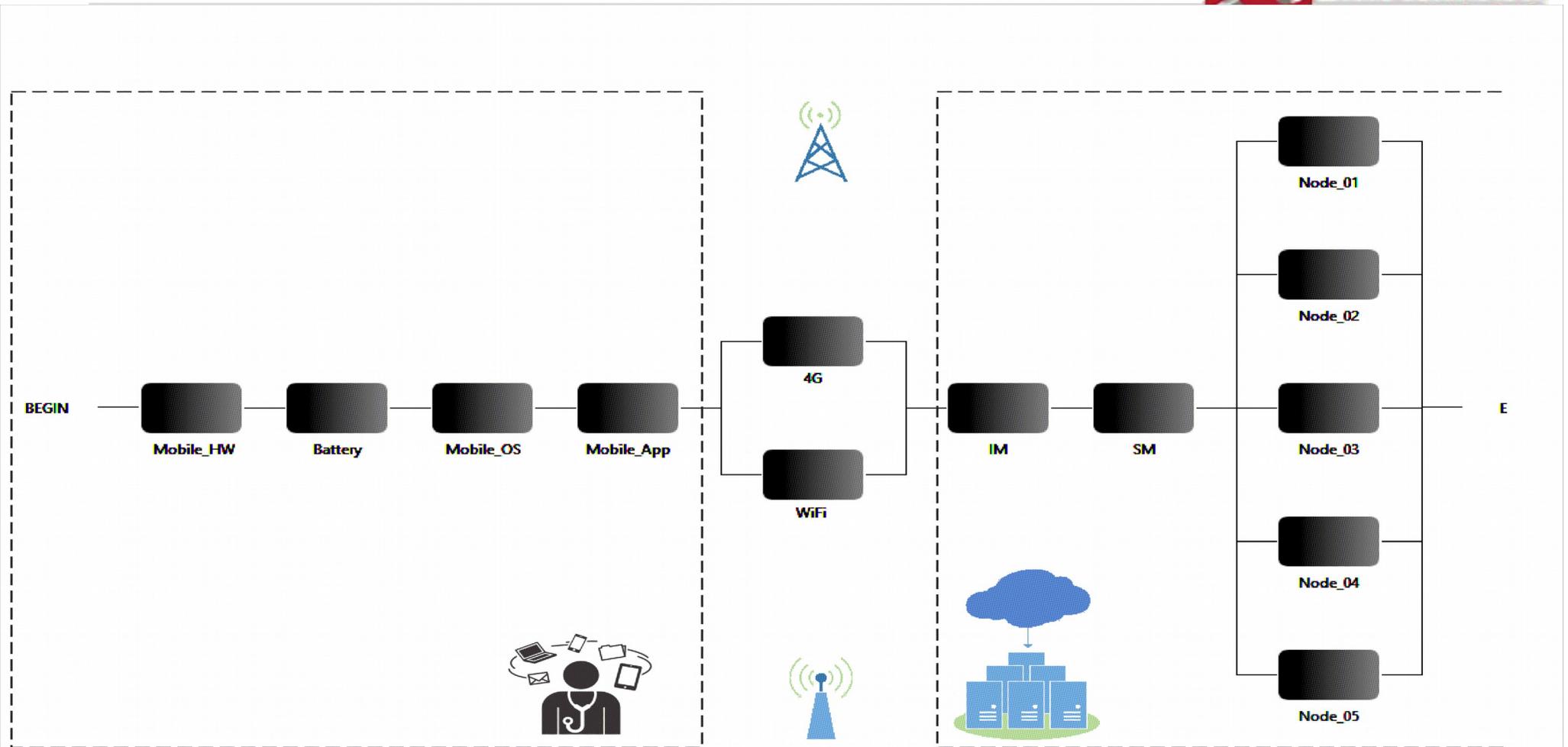
# Arquitetura



Arquitetura da *mobile cloud*

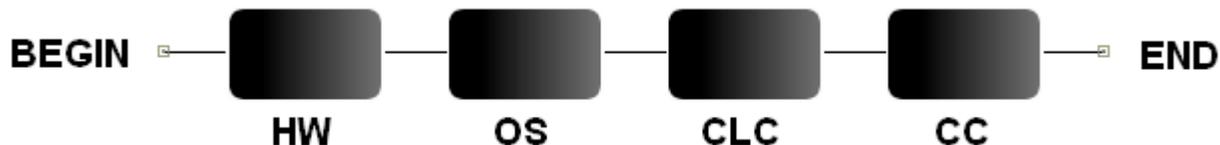
# Modelos de confiabilidade e disponibilidade

# Modelos propostos - Disponibilidade

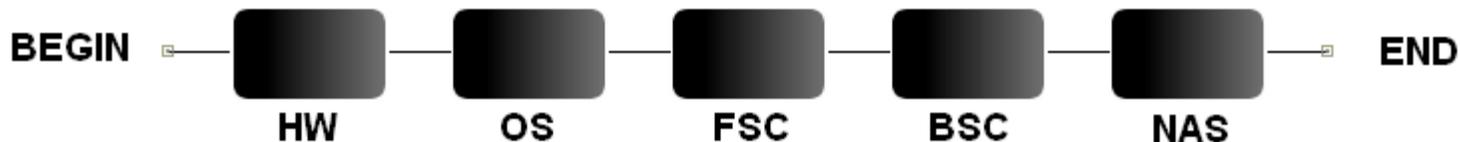


Modelo RBD para a *mobile cloud*

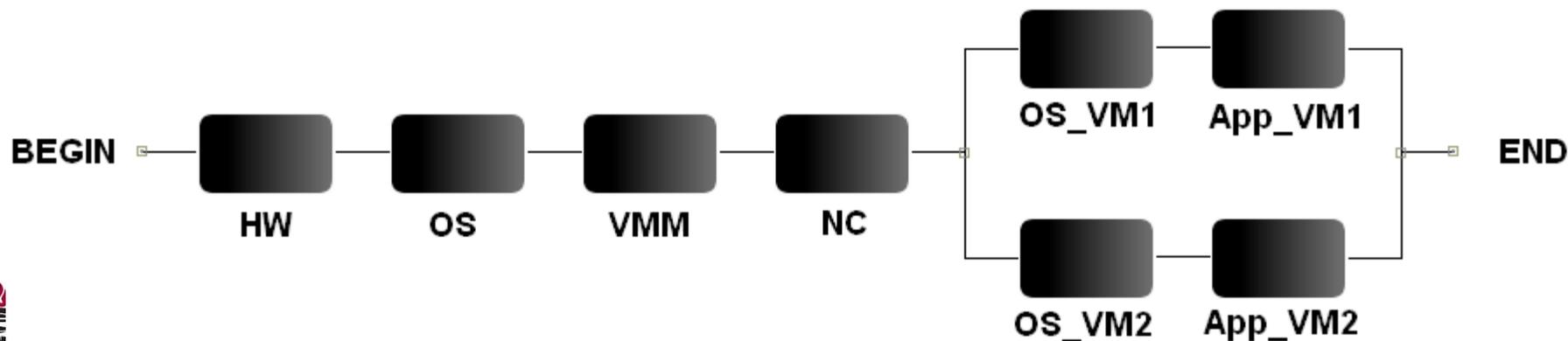
# Modelos propostos - Disponibilidade



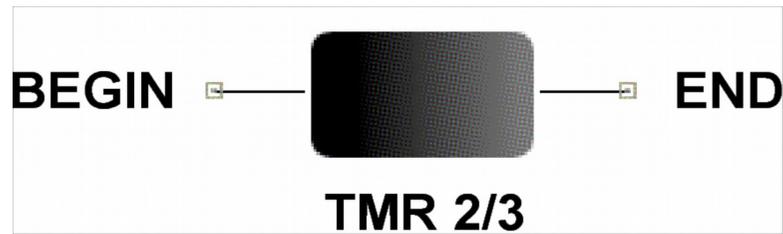
Modelo RBD para o subsistema *Infrastructure Manager (IM)*



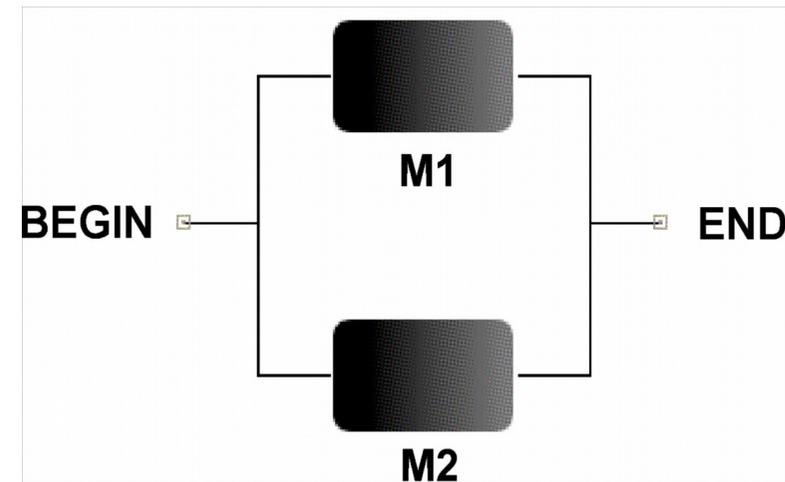
Modelo RBD para o subsistema *Storage Manager (SM)*



# Modelos propostos - Redundância

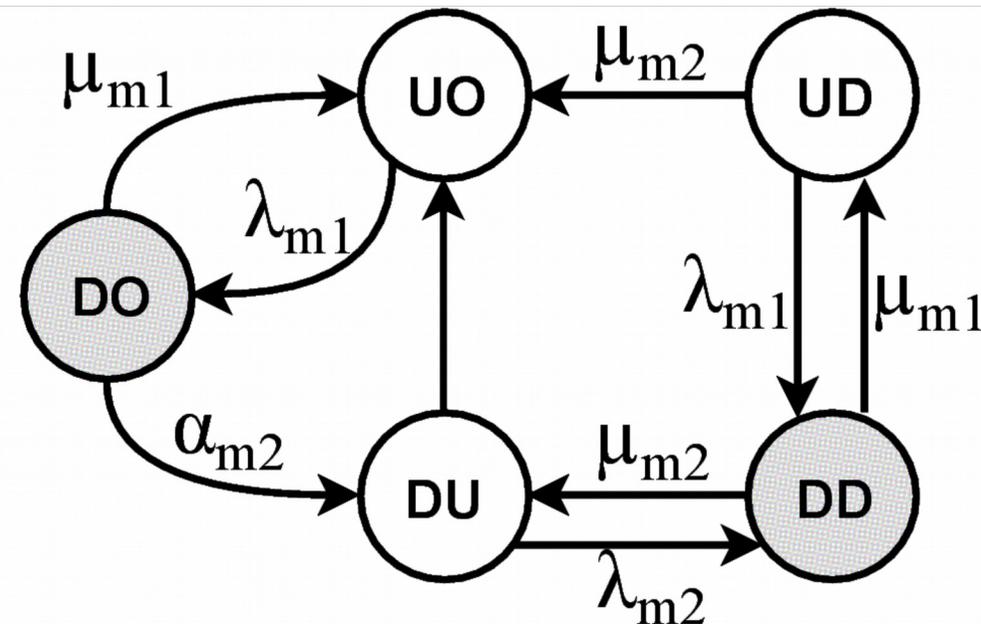
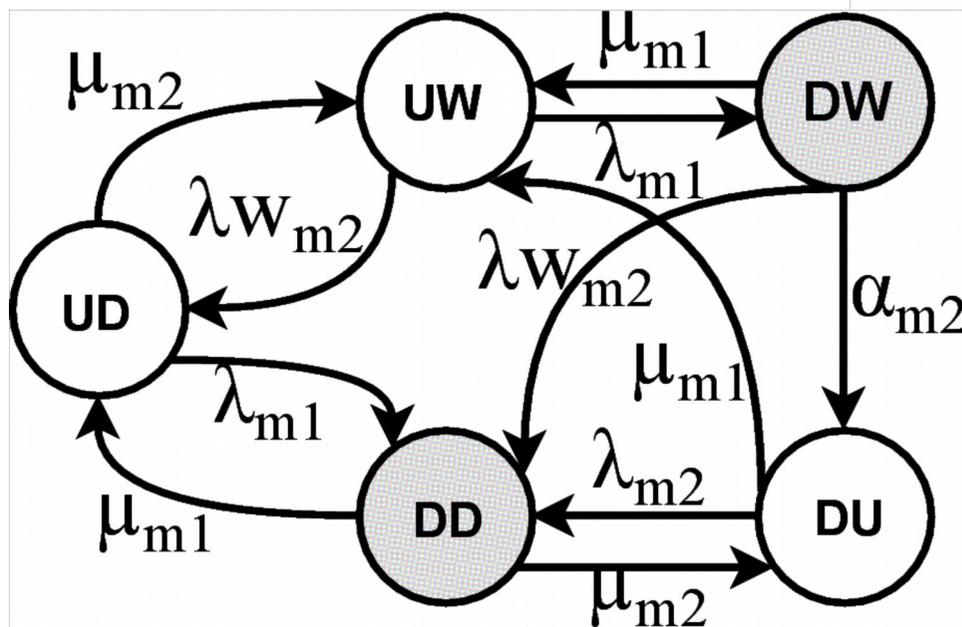


Modelo de redundância TMR  
(*Triple Modular Redundancy*)



Modelo de redundância *Hot standby*

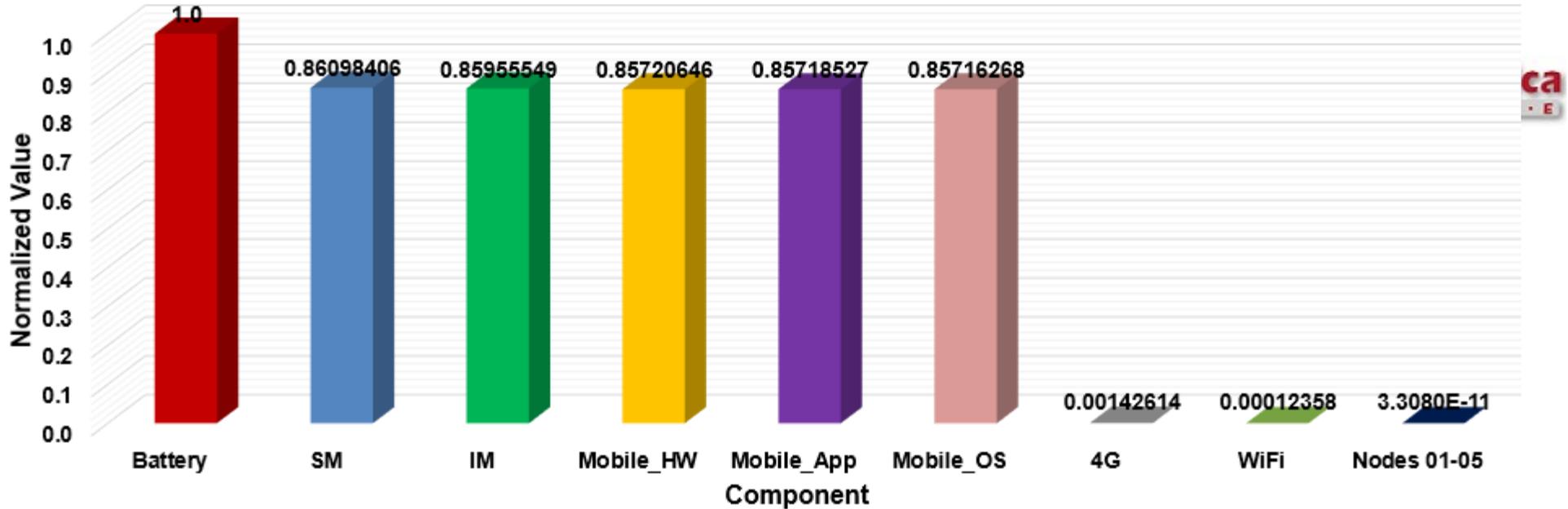
# Modelos propostos - Redundância



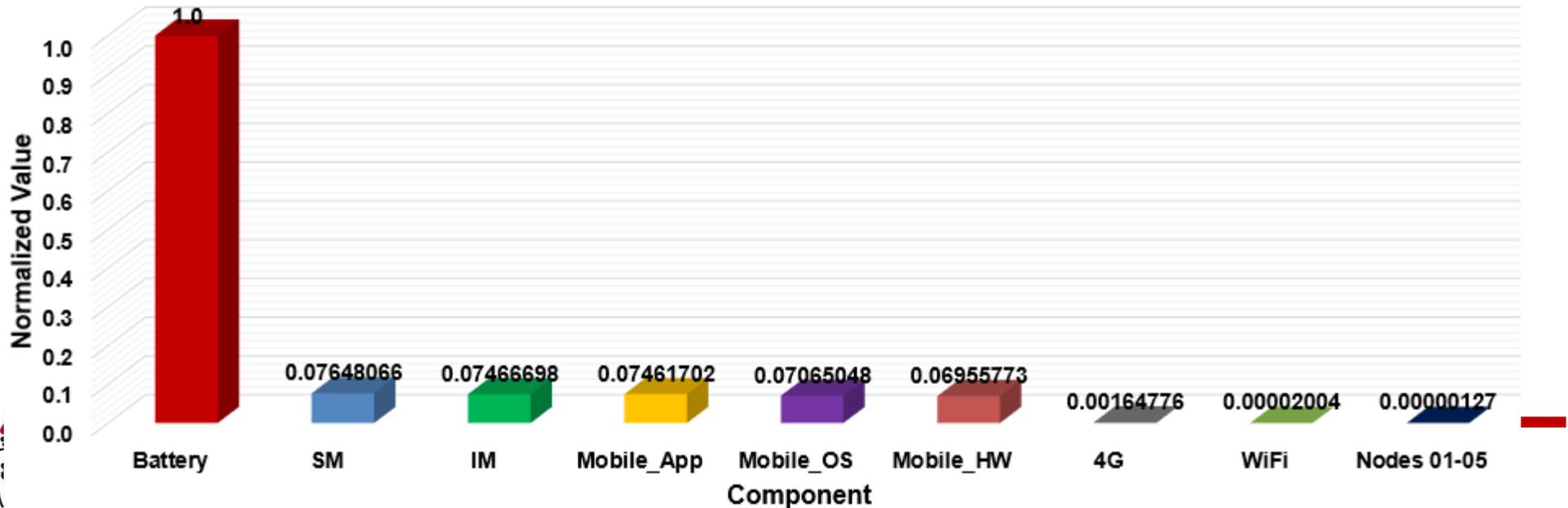
Modelo de redundância *warm-standby*

Modelo de redundância *cold-standby*

# Resultados

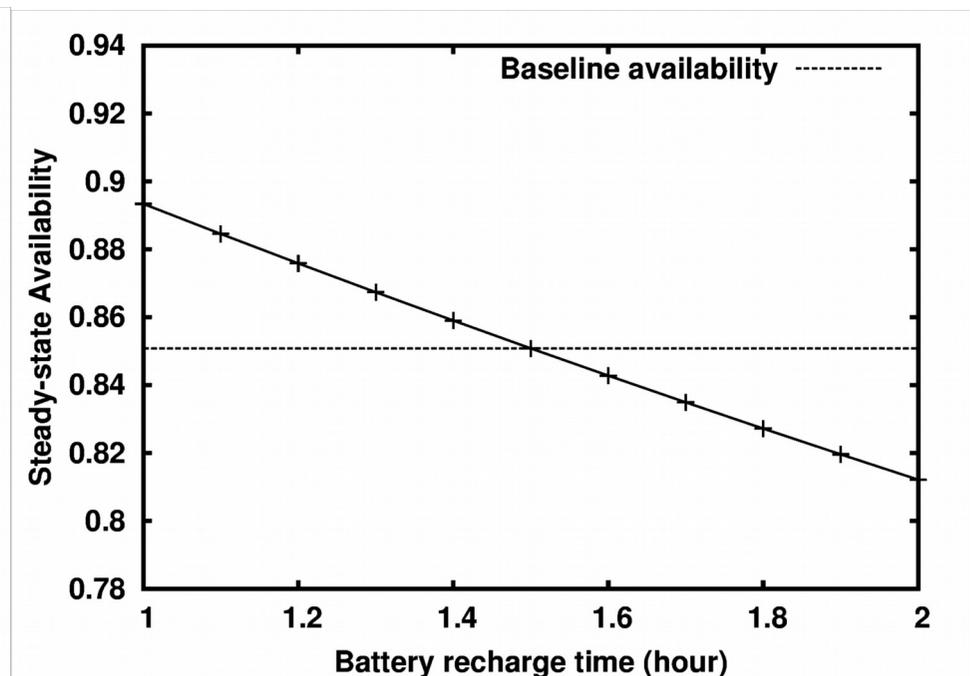
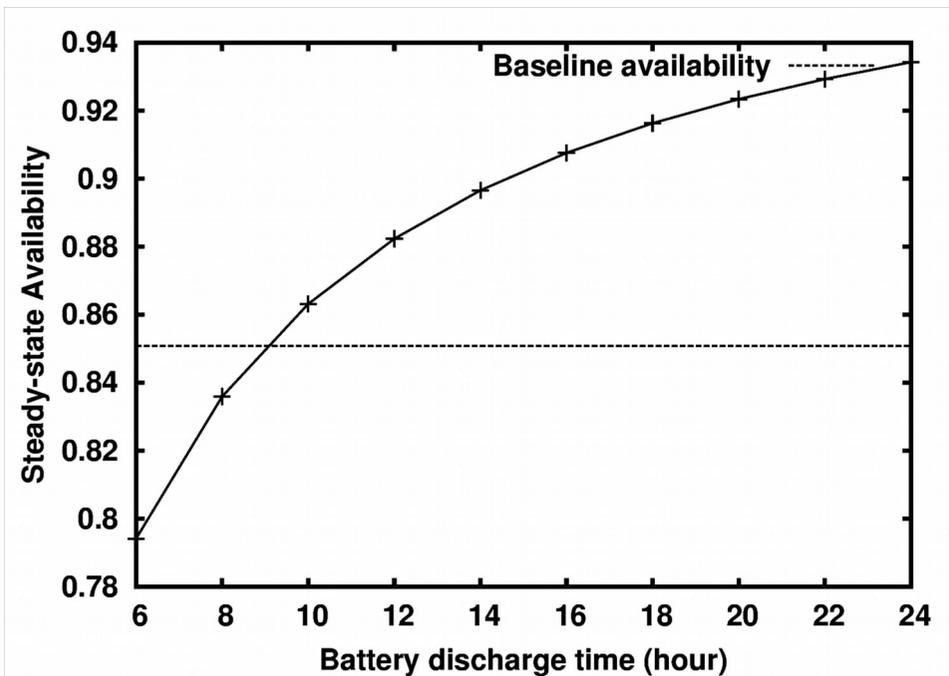


*Availability importance of the mobile cloud*



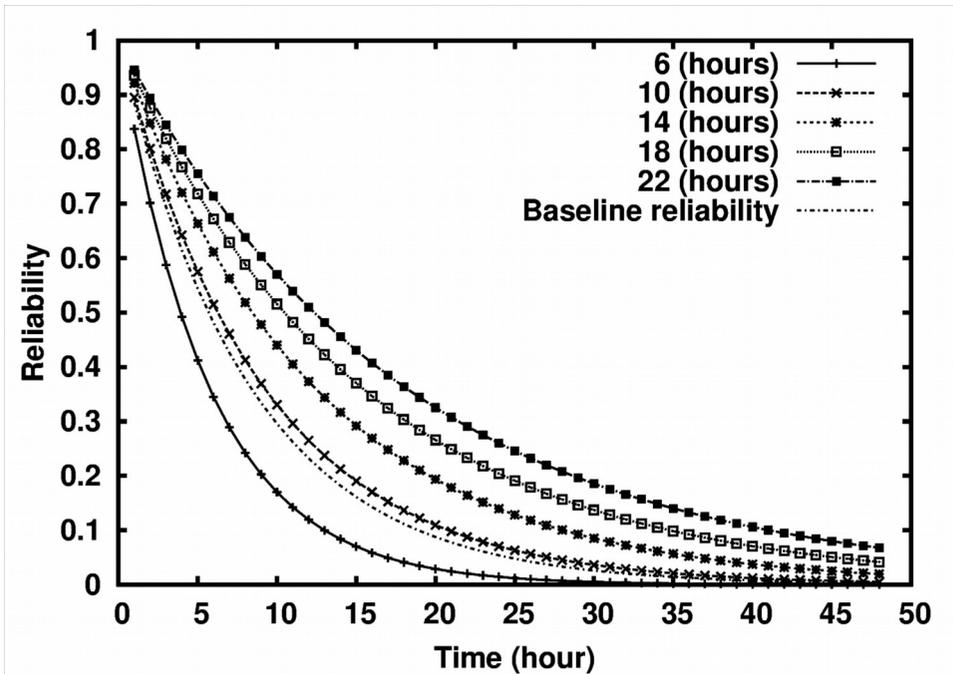
*Reliability importance of the mobile cloud*

# Resultados

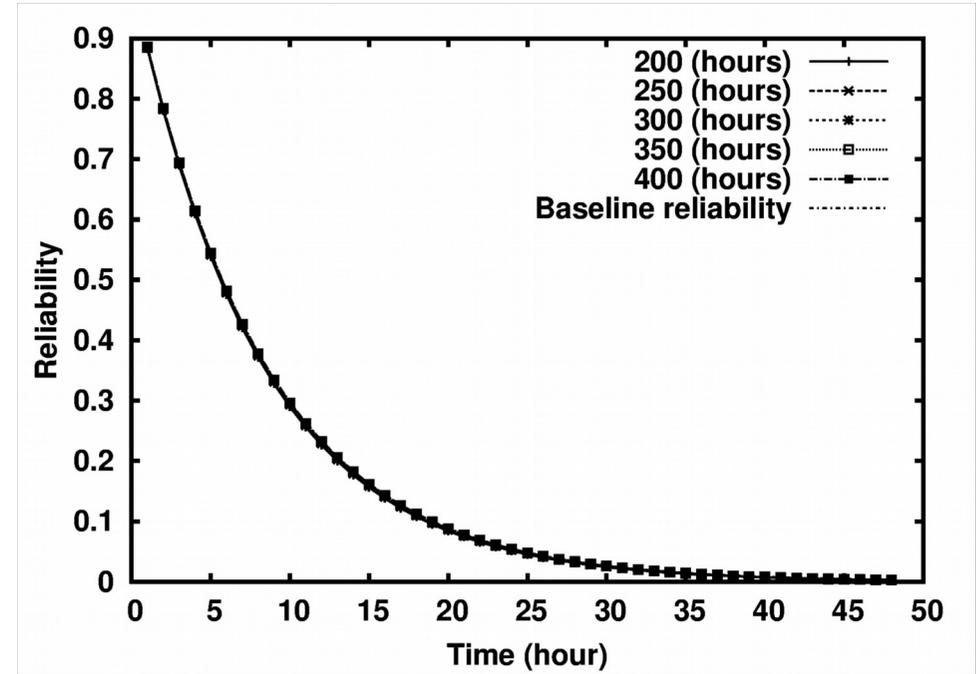


Disponibilidade da *mobile cloud*

# Resultados



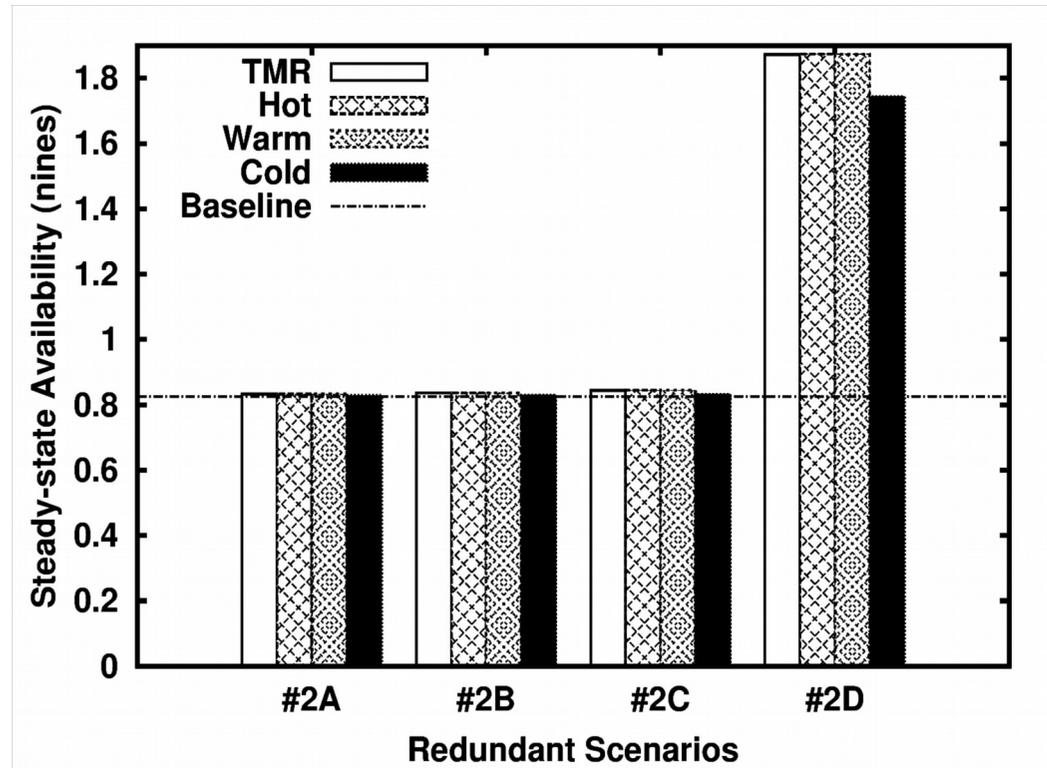
Bateria



Infrastructure Manager

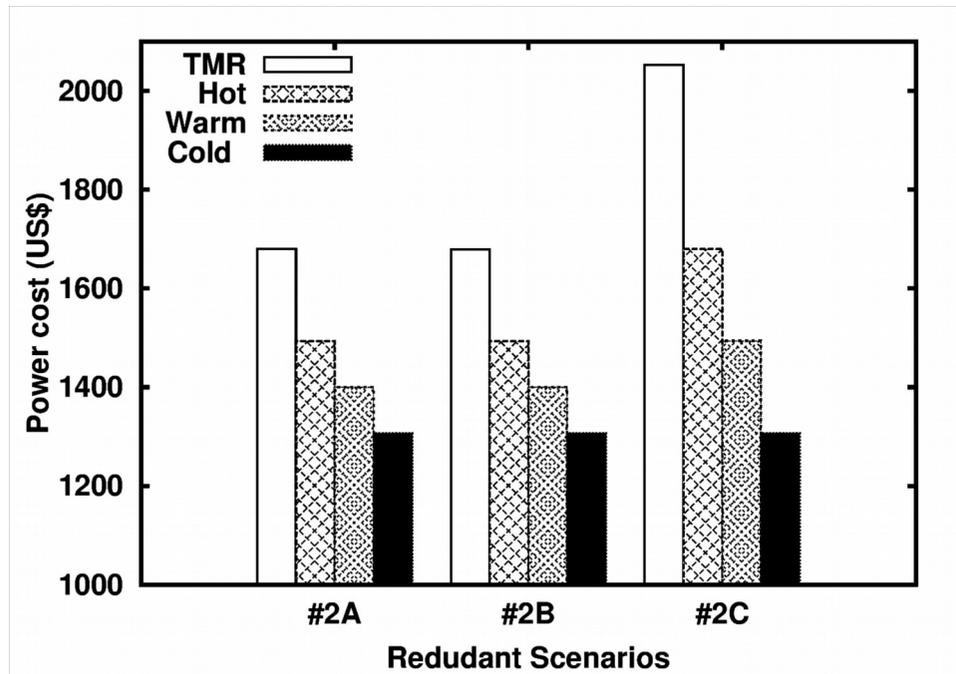
Confiabilidade da *mobile cloud*

# Resultados

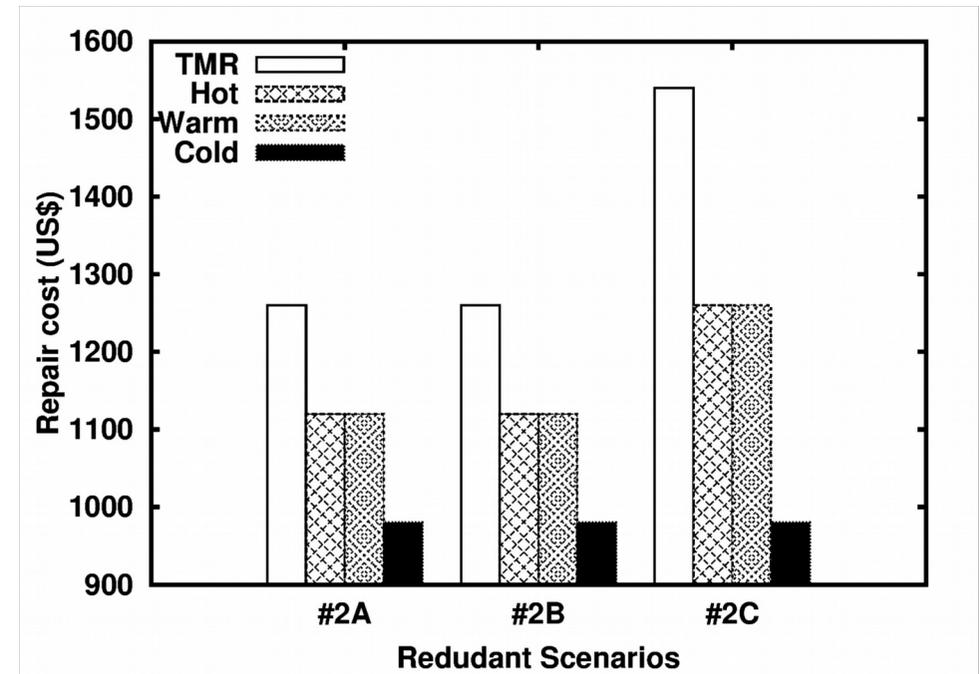


Disponibilidade da *mobile cloud* com diferentes tipos de redundância

# Resultados



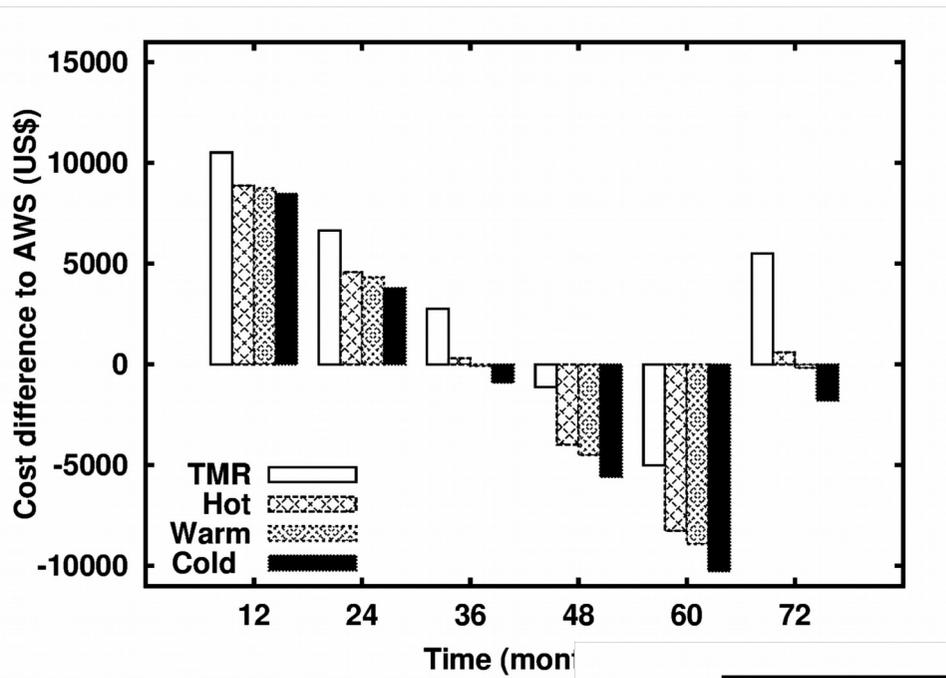
Custo com energia



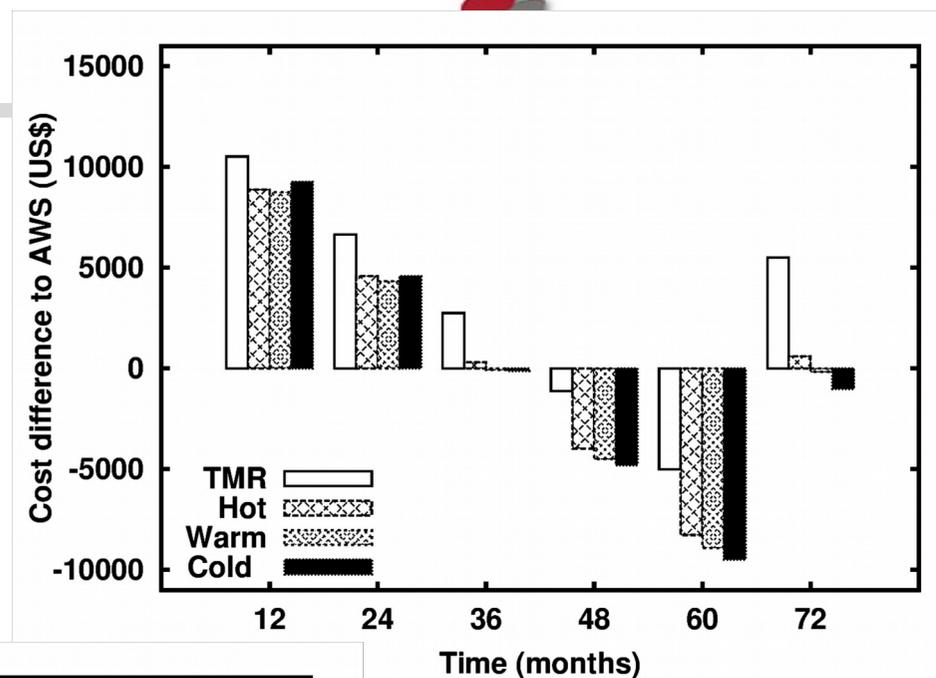
Custo com reparos

Custos com diferentes tipos de redundância

# Resultados

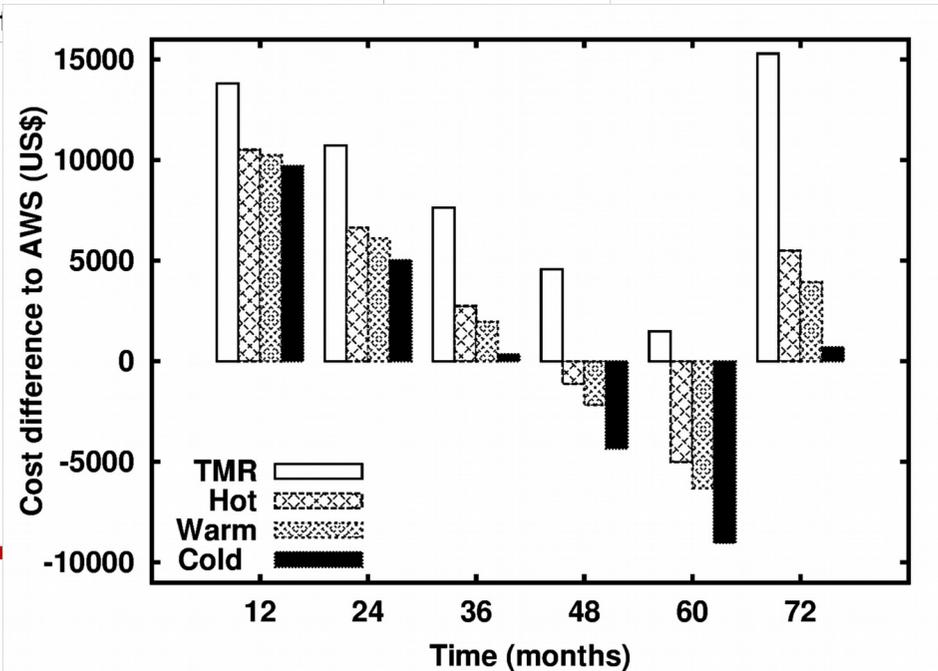


Cenário 2A



Time (months)

Cenário 2B



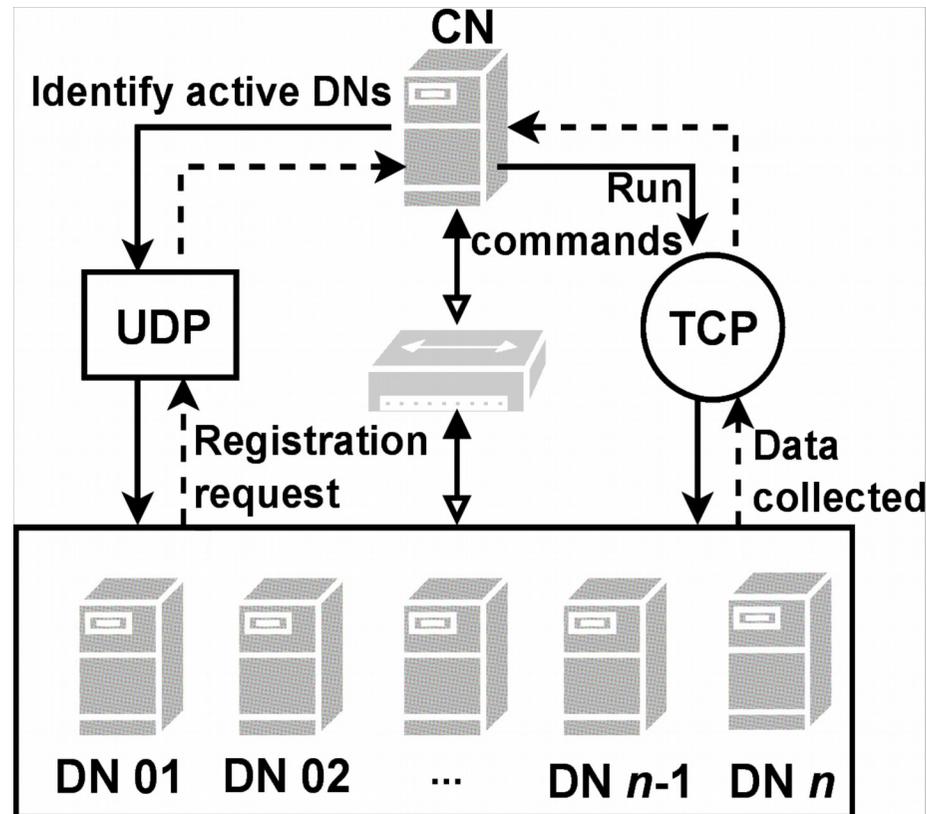
Time (months)



# *Distributed Resources Monitor*

## (DR Monitor)

# DR Monitor

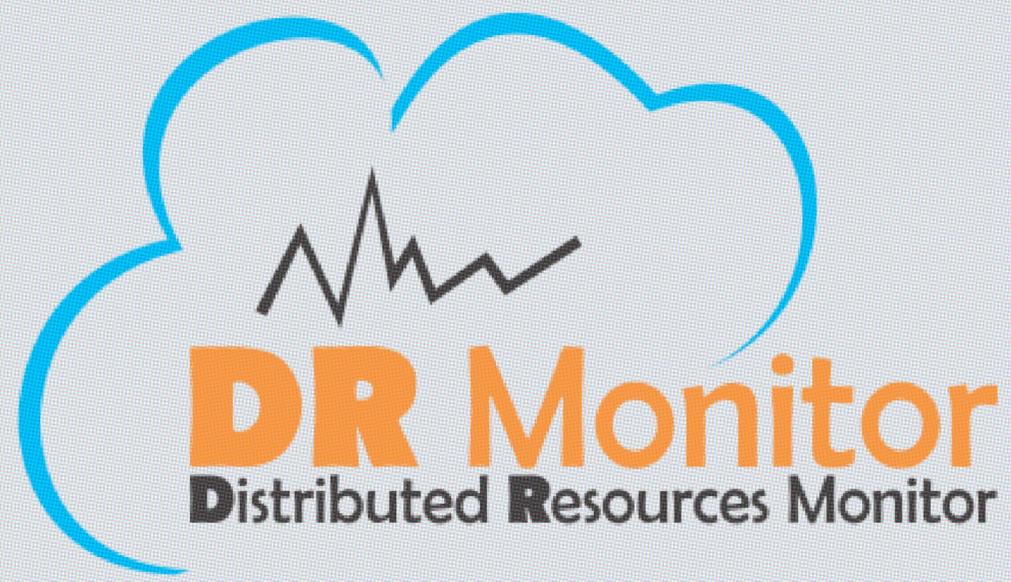


Arquitetura do DR Monitor

Monitoring

Chart Generator

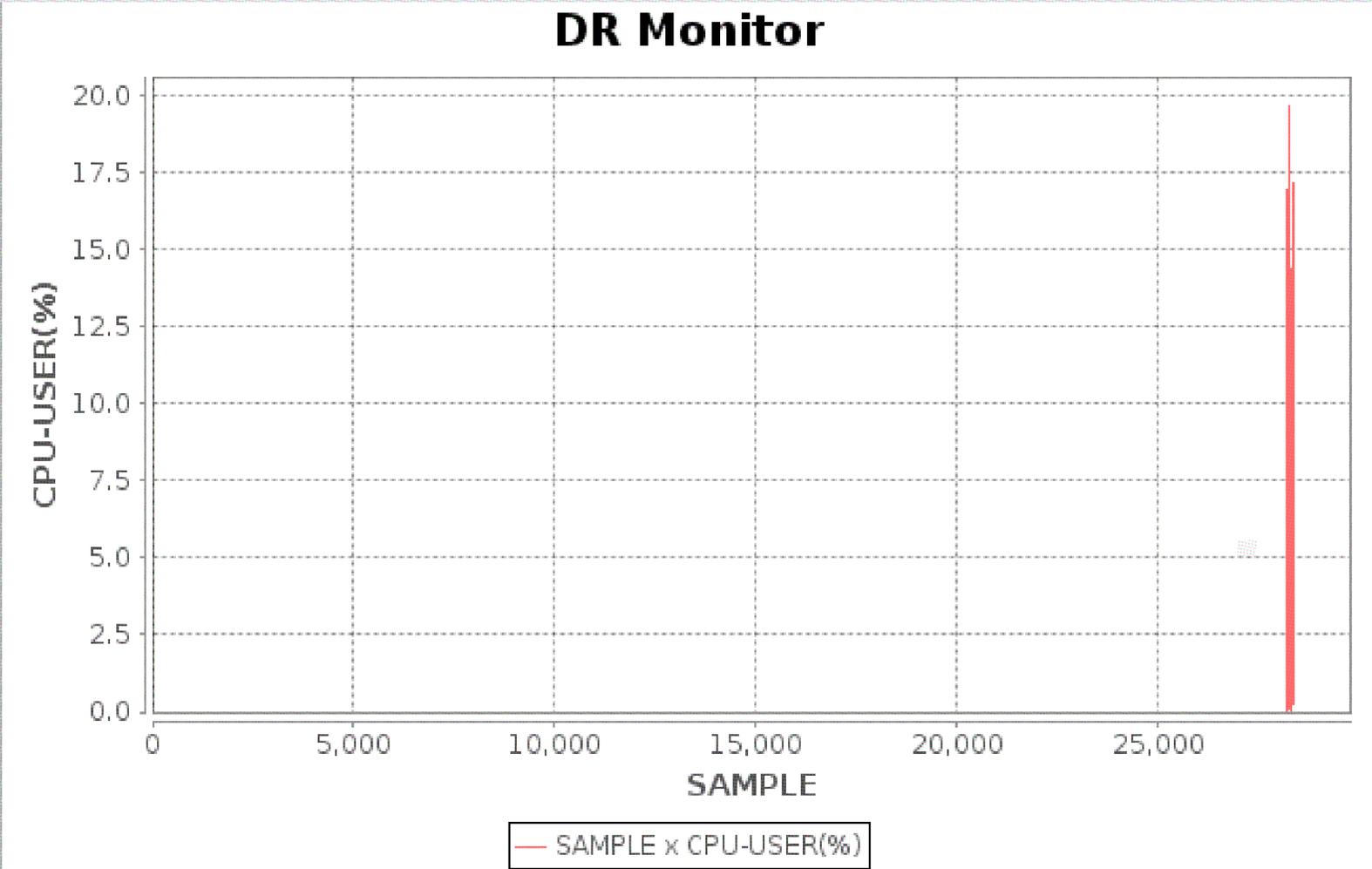
Manual



26 March 2015 (04:19:53)

Send broadcasting Machines available:1

- DRMonitor
  - jean-note
    - GENERAL
      - CPU
        - CPU-TOTAL(%)
        - CPU-USER(%)
        - CPU-SYSTEM(%)
        - CPU-I/O(%)
        - CPU-IDLE(%)
      - RAM MEMORY
      - SWAP
      - HARD DISC
      - NETWORK
      - ZUMBIES
      - SPECIFIC



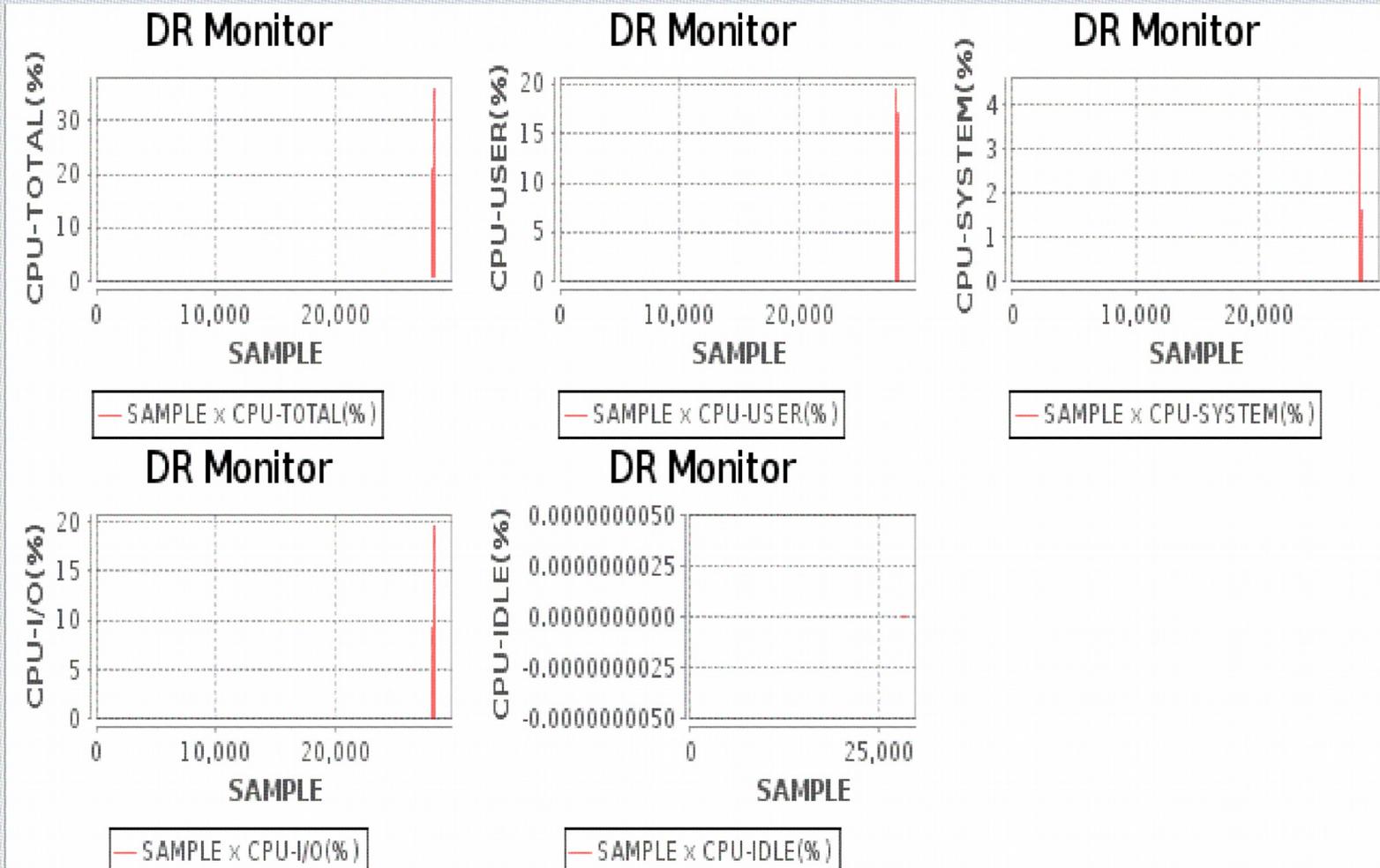
Samples: 28,329 | Mean: | Median: | Minimum: 0 | Maximum: | Std Dev:

26 March 2015 (02:48:04)

Send broadcasting Machines available:1

DRMonitor

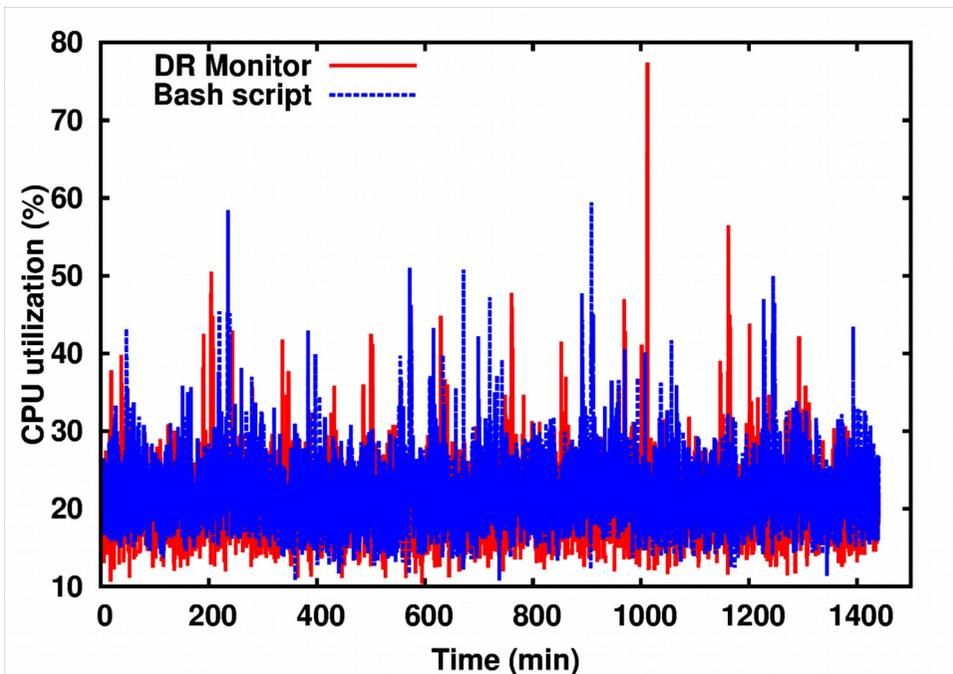
- jean-note
  - GENERAL
    - CPU**
      - RAM MEMORY
        - MEM-USED(%)
        - MEM-FREE(%)
        - MEM-CACHE(%)
      - SWAP
      - HARD DISC
      - NETWORK
      - ZUMBIES
    - SPECIFIC



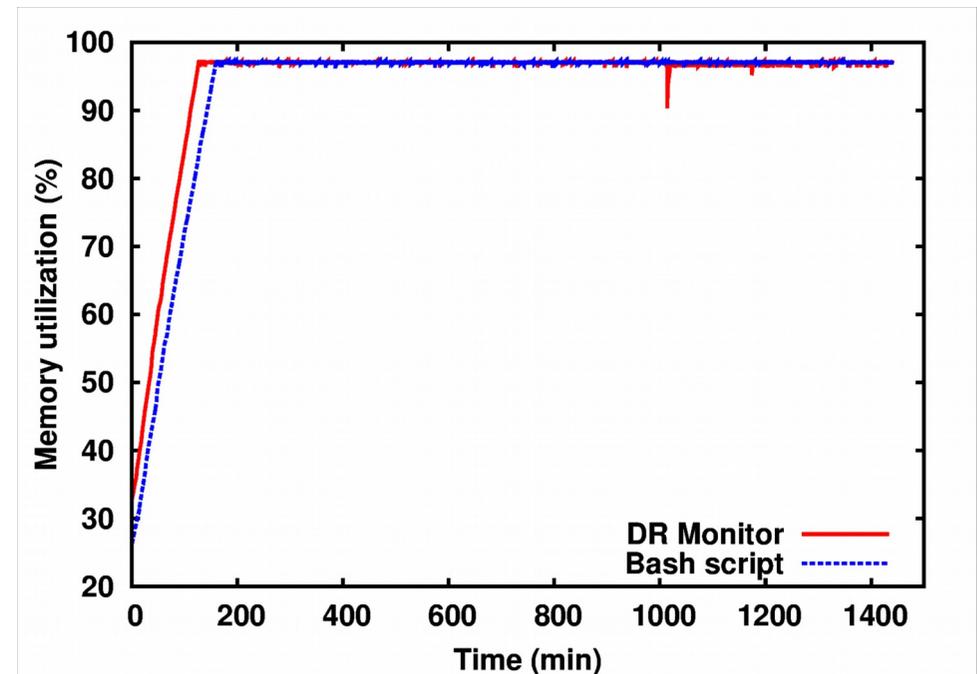
Samples: | Mean: | Median: | Minimum: | Maximum: | Std Dev:

26 March 2015 (02:49:53)

# DR Monitor



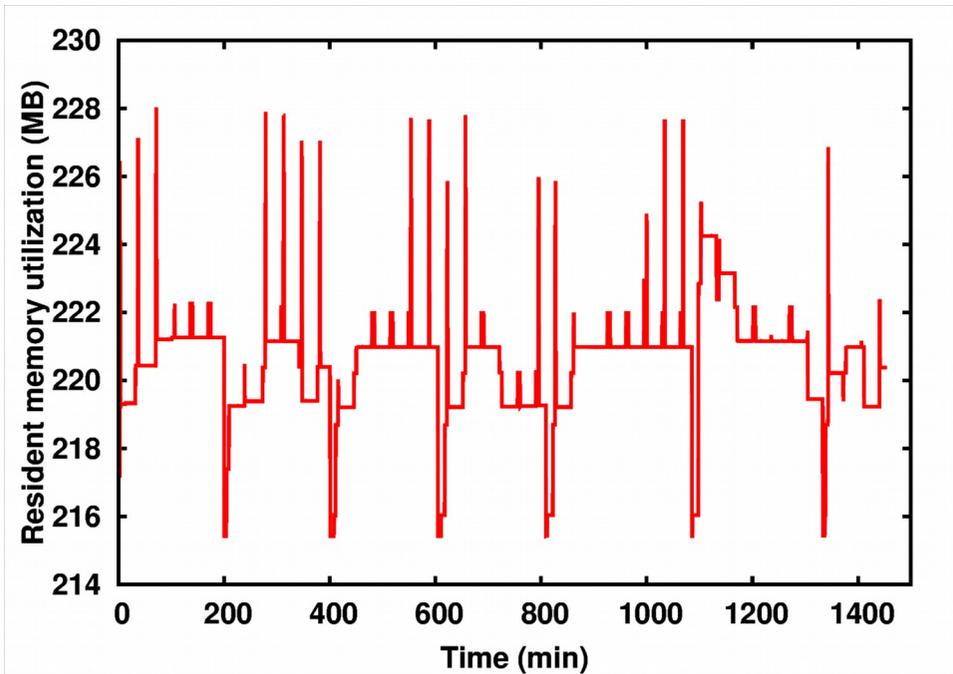
Utilização de CPU



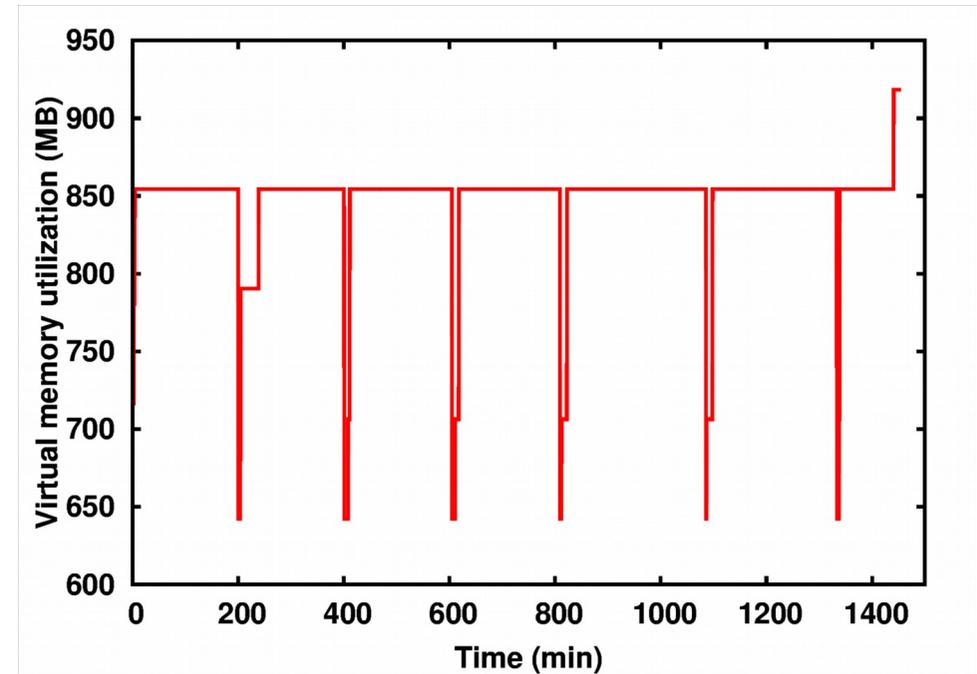
Utilização de memória

Comparação utilização de recursos: DR Monitor vs script Bash

# DR Monitor



Memória residente



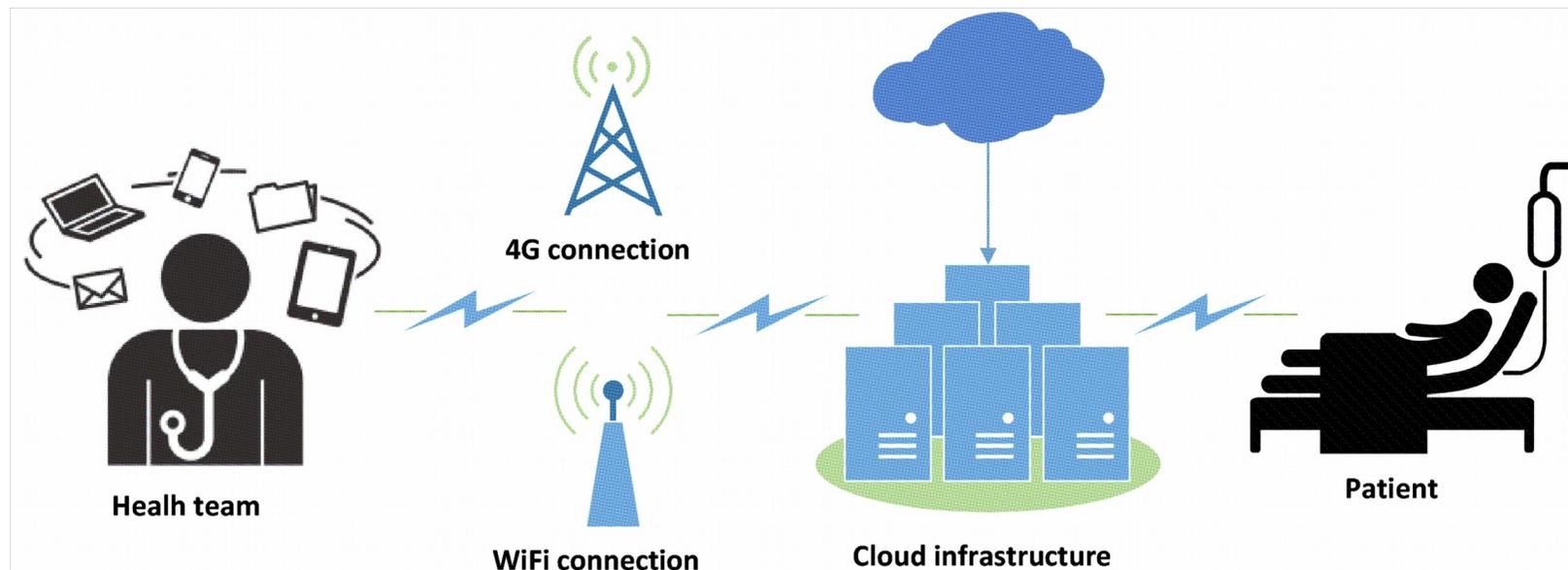
Memória virtual

Comparação utilização de recursos: DR Monitor vs script Bash



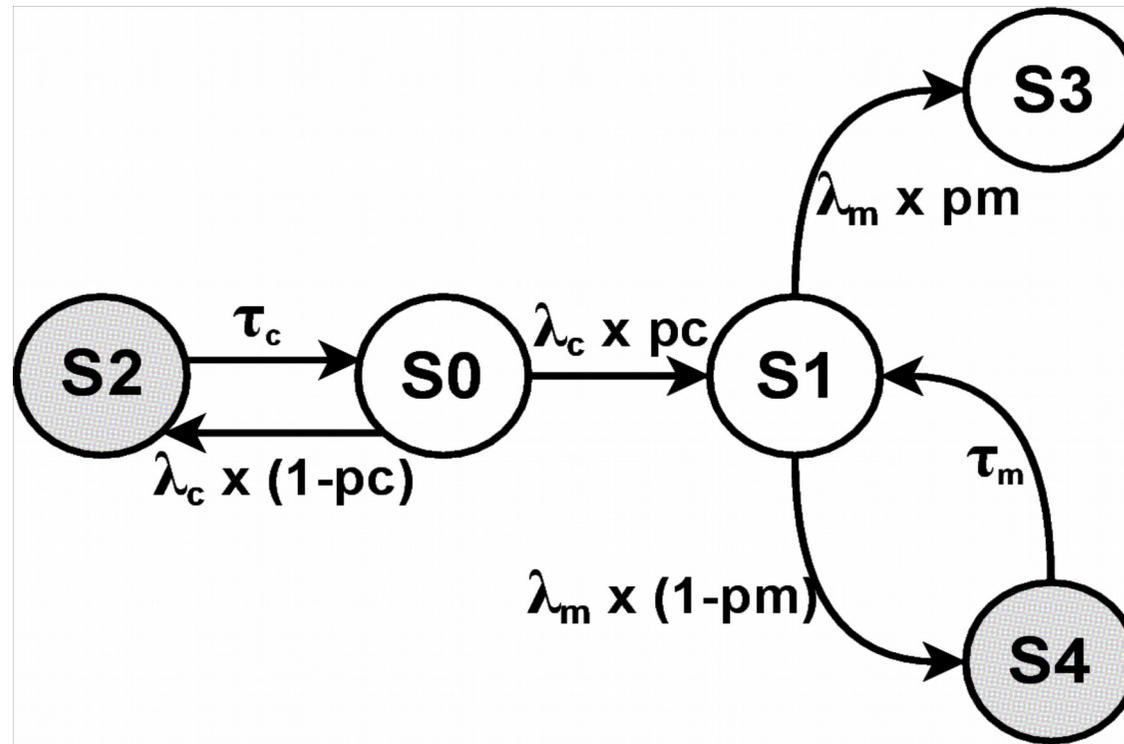
# Modelos de performabilidade

# Arquitetura de um sistema mHealth



Arquitetura do sistema

# Modelo de estado absorvente



Modelo de entrega de mensagens

# Resultados – Modelo de estado absorvente



$$\frac{1}{\rho_c \lambda_c} + \frac{1}{\rho_m \lambda_m} - \frac{-\rho_c \lambda_c \lambda_m \tau_c + \rho_c \rho_m \lambda_c \lambda_m \tau_c}{\rho_c \rho_m \lambda_c \lambda_m \tau_c \tau_m} - \frac{-\rho_m \lambda_c \lambda_m \tau_m + \rho_c \rho_m \lambda_c \lambda_m \tau_m}{\rho_c \rho_m \lambda_c \lambda_m \tau_c \tau_m}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{\lambda_c} + \frac{1}{\tau_c}}{\rho_c} + \frac{\frac{1}{\lambda_m} + \frac{1}{\tau_m}}{\rho_m} - \frac{\tau_c + \tau_m}{\tau_c \tau_m}$$

Fórmulas fechadas



# Próximas etapas...

---



- Análise de sensibilidade do modelo de estado absorvente;
- Execução de experimento de desempenho da *mobile cloud* usando diferentes tipos de protocolos de comunicação;
- Otimização do tempo de vida de sensores mHealth;
- Implementação da *PocketStack Cloud Platform*.



